

Human Anatomy Unit 1 - Human Body Orientation

| STAGE 1 DESIRED RESULTS | | |
|---|---|---|
| Context and relevance for student learning | | |
| Standards | Transfer | |
| <p>3.1.9-12.B Develop and use a model to illustrate the hierarchical organization of interacting systems that provide specific functions within multicellular organisms.</p> <p>3.1.9-12.C Plan and conduct an investigation to provide evidence that feedback mechanisms maintain homeostasis.</p> | <p><i>Students will be able to independently use their learning to...(make purpose-takeaway in 5 years)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Approach science as a reliable and tentative way of knowing and explaining the natural world and designed world. <input type="checkbox"/> Weigh evidence and use scientific approaches to ask questions, investigate, and make informed decisions. <input type="checkbox"/> Make and use observations to analyze relationships and patterns in order to explain phenomena, develop models, and make predictions. <input type="checkbox"/> Evaluate systems, in order to connect how form determines function and how any change to one component affects the entire system. <input type="checkbox"/> Explain how the natural and designed worlds are interrelated and the application of scientific knowledge and technology can have beneficial, detrimental, or unintended consequences. | |
| | Meaning | |
| | <p>UNDERSTANDINGS</p> <p><i>Students will understand that...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Organisms have characteristic structures which enable functions and behaviors that allow them to grow, reproduce, and die <input type="checkbox"/> The structures, functions, and behaviors of organisms allow them to obtain, use, transport, and remove the matter and energy needed to live. | <p>ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS</p> <p><i>Students will keep considering...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> How do the structures of organisms enable life's functions? |
| | Acquisition(need to align with above and standards) | |
| | <p><i>Students will know...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Multicellular organisms have a hierarchical structural organization, in which any one system is made up of numerous parts and is itself a component of the next level. <input type="checkbox"/> Feedback mechanisms maintain a living system's internal conditions within certain limits and mediate behaviors, allowing it to remain alive and | <p><i>Students will be skilled at...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Navigating a model of the human body and analyzing its hierarchical structural organization as they relate to biological systems. <input type="checkbox"/> Planning and carrying out investigations to collect data to serve as the basis for evidence |

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| | <p>functional even as external conditions change within some range. Feedback mechanisms can encourage (through positive feedback) or discourage (negative feedback) what is going on inside the living system.</p> | <p>to evaluate the effects of exercise on homeostasis.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Designing a model and manipulating it to illustrate planes, cavities, and directional terms. <input type="checkbox"/> Communicating and following directives through the use of correct directional and regional terms. <input type="checkbox"/> Proposing techniques for diagnosing homeostatic imbalances. <input type="checkbox"/> Analyzing and interpreting feedback mechanisms which help living things maintain homeostasis. <input type="checkbox"/> Identifying, comparing, and making inferences between the four types of tissues (epithelial, connective, muscle, nervous) and their functions based upon observations of cell shape, extracellular components and location. |
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Human Anatomy Unit 2 - Histology and Cancer

| STAGE 1 DESIRED RESULTS Context and relevance for student learning | | |
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| Standards | Transfer | |
| <p>3.1.9-12.A Construct an explanation based on evidence for how the structure of DNA determines the structure of proteins, which carry out the essential functions of life through systems of specialized cells.</p> <p>3.1.9-12.B Develop and use a model to illustrate the hierarchical organization of interacting systems that provide specific functions within multicellular organisms.</p> | <p><i>Students will be able to independently use their learning to...(make purpose-takeaway in 5 years)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Approach science as a reliable and tentative way of knowing and explaining the natural world and designed world. <input type="checkbox"/> Weigh evidence and use scientific approaches to ask questions, investigate, and make informed decisions. <input type="checkbox"/> Make and use observations to analyze relationships and patterns in order to explain phenomena, develop models, and make predictions. <input type="checkbox"/> Evaluate systems, in order to connect how form determines function and how any change to one component affects the entire system. <input type="checkbox"/> Explain how the natural and designed worlds are interrelated and the application of scientific knowledge and technology can have beneficial, detrimental, or unintended consequences. | |
| | Meaning | |
| | <p>UNDERSTANDINGS <i>Students will understand that...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Organisms have characteristic structures which enable functions and behaviors that allow them to grow, reproduce, and die. | <p>ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS <i>Students will keep considering...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> How do the structures of organisms enable life's functions? |
| | Acquisition(need to align with above and standards) | |
| | <p><i>Students will know...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Systems of specialized cells within organisms help them perform the essential functions of life. <input type="checkbox"/> All cells contain genetic information in the form of DNA molecules. Genes are regions in the DNA that contain the instructions that code for the formation of proteins, which carry out most of the work of cells. | <p><i>Students will be skilled at...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Identifying, comparing, and making inferences between the four types of tissues (epithelial, connective, muscle, nervous) and their functions based upon observations of cell shape, extracellular components and location. <input type="checkbox"/> Construct an explanation for the progression of cancer starting with possible causes through malignancy and metastasis. <input type="checkbox"/> Investigate and engage in arguments about the advantages and disadvantages of available cancer treatments. |

Human Anatomy Unit 3 - Integumary System

| STAGE 1 DESIRED RESULTS | | |
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| Context and relevance for student learning | | |
| Standards | Transfer | |
| <p>3.1.9-12.A Construct an explanation based on evidence for how the structure of DNA determines the structure of proteins, which carry out the essential functions of life through systems of specialized cells.</p> <p>3.1.9-12.B Develop and use a model to illustrate the hierarchical organization of interacting systems that provide specific functions within multicellular organisms.</p> <p>3.1.9-12.C Plan and conduct an investigation to provide evidence that feedback mechanisms maintain homeostasis.</p> | <p><i>Students will be able to independently use their learning to...(make purpose-takeaway in 5 years)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Approach science as a reliable and tentative way of knowing and explaining the natural world and designed world. <input type="checkbox"/> Weigh evidence and use scientific approaches to ask questions, investigate, and make informed decisions. <input type="checkbox"/> Make and use observations to analyze relationships and patterns in order to explain phenomena, develop models, and make predictions. <input type="checkbox"/> Evaluate systems, in order to connect how form determines function and how any change to one component affects the entire system. <input type="checkbox"/> Explain how the natural and designed worlds are interrelated and the application of scientific knowledge and technology can have beneficial, detrimental, or unintended consequences. | |
| | Meaning | |
| | <p>UNDERSTANDINGS</p> <p><i>Students will understand that...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Organisms have characteristic structures which enable functions and behaviors that allow them to grow, reproduce, and die. | <p>ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS</p> <p><i>Students will keep considering...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> How do the structures of organisms enable life's functions? |
| | Acquisition(need to align with above and standards) | |
| | <p><i>Students will know...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Systems of specialized cells within organisms help them perform the essential functions of life. <input type="checkbox"/> All cells contain genetic information in the form of DNA molecules. Genes are regions in the DNA that contain the instructions that code for the formation of proteins, which carry out most of the work of cells. <input type="checkbox"/> Multicellular organisms have a hierarchical structural organization, in which any one system is made up of numerous parts and is itself a component of the next level. <input type="checkbox"/> Feedback mechanisms maintain a living system's internal conditions within certain limits and mediate behaviors, allowing it to remain alive and functional even as external conditions change within some range. Feedback mechanisms can encourage (through positive feedback) or | <p><i>Students will be skilled at...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Using models to classify the body's four types of body membranes (cutaneous, serous, mucous, synovial) according to their structure and functions. <input type="checkbox"/> Engaging in arguments from evidence about the physiological need for specific cells (keratinocytes & melanocytes) and structures such as hair, nails, and glands. <input type="checkbox"/> Evaluating how different degrees of burns may have various causes that may not have equal effects on homeostasis. <input type="checkbox"/> Critically reading scientific literature to determine the central ideas to summarize types, diagnostic techniques, and treatments for skin cancer. |

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| | discourage (negative feedback) what is going on inside the living system. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><input type="checkbox"/> Construct an explanation for the progression of skin cancer starting with possible causes through malignancy and metastasis.<input type="checkbox"/> Investigate and engage in arguments about the advantages and disadvantages of available skin cancer treatments. |
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Human Anatomy Unit 4 - Skeletal System

| STAGE 1 DESIRED RESULTS | | |
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| Context and relevance for student learning | | |
| Standards | Transfer | |
| <p>3.1.9-12.A Construct an explanation based on evidence for how the structure of DNA determines the structure of proteins, which carry out the essential functions of life through systems of specialized cells.</p> <p>3.1.9-12.B Develop and use a model to illustrate the hierarchical organization of interacting systems that provide specific functions within multicellular organisms.</p> <p>3.1.9-12.C Plan and conduct an investigation to provide evidence that feedback mechanisms maintain homeostasis.</p> | <p><i>Students will be able to independently use their learning to...(make purpose-takeaway in 5 years)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Approach science as a reliable and tentative way of knowing and explaining the natural world and designed world. <input type="checkbox"/> Weigh evidence and use scientific approaches to ask questions, investigate, and make informed decisions. <input type="checkbox"/> Make and use observations to analyze relationships and patterns in order to explain phenomena, develop models, and make predictions. <input type="checkbox"/> Evaluate systems, in order to connect how form determines function and how any change to one component affects the entire system. <input type="checkbox"/> Explain how the natural and designed worlds are interrelated and the application of scientific knowledge and technology can have beneficial, detrimental, or unintended consequences. | |
| | Meaning | |
| | <p>UNDERSTANDINGS</p> <p><i>Students will understand that...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Organisms have characteristic structures which enable functions and behaviors that allow them to grow, reproduce, and die <input type="checkbox"/> The structures, functions, and behaviors of organisms allow them to obtain, use, transport, and remove the matter and energy needed to live. | <p>ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS</p> <p><i>Students will keep considering...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> How do the structures of organisms enable life's functions? |
| | Acquisition(need to align with above and standards) | |
| | <p><i>Students will know...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Systems of specialized cells within organisms help them perform the essential functions of life. <input type="checkbox"/> Multicellular organisms have a hierarchical structural organization, in which any one system is made up of numerous parts and is itself a component of the next level. <input type="checkbox"/> Feedback mechanisms maintain a living system's internal conditions within certain limits and mediate behaviors, allowing it to remain alive and functional even as external conditions change within some range. Feedback mechanisms can encourage (through positive feedback) or discourage (negative feedback) what is going on inside the living system. | <p><i>Students will be skilled at...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Developing and using models to illustrate microscopic and gross anatomical structures of a bone. <input type="checkbox"/> Illustrating bone growth & remodeling with respect to the role specialized cells play in fracture repair. <input type="checkbox"/> Explaining the importance of how surface markings and ancillary structures (ligaments, cartilage, bursae, menisci, tendons) are essential in articulations and skeletal movements. <input type="checkbox"/> Analyzing & exploring homeostatic imbalances related to the skeletal system. |

Human Anatomy Unit 5 - Muscular System

| STAGE 1 DESIRED RESULTS | | |
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| Context and relevance for student learning | | |
| Standards | Transfer | |
| <p>3.1.9-12.A Construct an explanation based on evidence for how the structure of DNA determines the structure of proteins, which carry out the essential functions of life through systems of specialized cells.</p> <p>3.1.9-12.B Develop and use a model to illustrate the hierarchical organization of interacting systems that provide specific functions within multicellular organisms.</p> <p>3.1.9-12.C Plan and conduct an investigation to provide evidence that feedback mechanisms maintain homeostasis.</p> | <p><i>Students will be able to independently use their learning to...(make purpose-takeaway in 5 years)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Approach science as a reliable and tentative way of knowing and explaining the natural world and designed world. <input type="checkbox"/> Weigh evidence and use scientific approaches to ask questions, investigate, and make informed decisions. <input type="checkbox"/> Make and use observations to analyze relationships and patterns in order to explain phenomena, develop models, and make predictions. <input type="checkbox"/> Evaluate systems, in order to connect how form determines function and how any change to one component affects the entire system. <input type="checkbox"/> Explain how the natural and designed worlds are interrelated and the application of scientific knowledge and technology can have beneficial, detrimental, or unintended consequences. | |
| | Meaning | |
| | <p>UNDERSTANDINGS</p> <p><i>Students will understand that...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Organisms have characteristic structures which enable functions and behaviors that allow them to grow, reproduce, and die <input type="checkbox"/> The structures, functions, and behaviors of organisms allow them to obtain, use, transport, and remove the matter and energy needed to live. | <p>ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS</p> <p><i>Students will keep considering...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> How do the structures of organisms enable life's functions? |
| | Acquisition(need to align with above and standards) | |
| | <p><i>Students will know...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Systems of specialized cells within organisms help them perform the essential functions of life. <input type="checkbox"/> All cells contain genetic information in the form of DNA molecules. Genes are regions in the DNA that contain the instructions that code for the formation of proteins, which carry out most of the work of cells. <input type="checkbox"/> Multicellular organisms have a hierarchical structural organization, in which any one system is made up of numerous parts and is itself a component of the next level. <input type="checkbox"/> Feedback mechanisms maintain a living system's internal conditions within certain limits and | <p><i>Students will be skilled at...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Developing and using models to illustrate the microscopic and macroscopic anatomy & physiology of the muscles of the body. <input type="checkbox"/> Identifying, comparing, and making inferences between the three types of muscle tissues and their functions based upon observations of cell shape, anatomy and location. <input type="checkbox"/> Identifying specific muscles based on origin, insertion and/or actions. <input type="checkbox"/> Analyzing & exploring homeostatic imbalances related to the muscle system. |

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| | mediate behaviors, allowing it to remain alive and functional even as external conditions change within some range. Feedback mechanisms can encourage (through positive feedback) or discourage (negative feedback) what is going on inside the living system. | |
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Human Anatomy Unit 6 - Nervous System

STAGE 1 | DESIRED RESULTS

Context and relevance for student learning

| Standards | Transfer | |
|---|---|--|
| <p>3.1.9-12.A Construct an explanation based on evidence for how the structure of DNA determines the structure of proteins, which carry out the essential functions of life through systems of specialized cells.</p> <p>3.1.9-12.B Develop and use a model to illustrate the hierarchical organization of interacting systems that provide specific functions within multicellular organisms.</p> <p>3.1.9-12.C Plan and conduct an investigation to provide evidence that feedback mechanisms maintain homeostasis.</p> | <p><i>Students will be able to independently use their learning to...(make purpose-takeaway in 5 years)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Approach science as a reliable and tentative way of knowing and explaining the natural world and designed world. <input type="checkbox"/> Weigh evidence and use scientific approaches to ask questions, investigate, and make informed decisions. <input type="checkbox"/> Make and use observations to analyze relationships and patterns in order to explain phenomena, develop models, and make predictions. <input type="checkbox"/> Evaluate systems, in order to connect how form determines function and how any change to one component affects the entire system. <input type="checkbox"/> Explain how the natural and designed worlds are interrelated and the application of scientific knowledge and technology can have beneficial, detrimental, or unintended consequences. | |
| | Meaning | |
| | <p>UNDERSTANDINGS</p> <p><i>Students will understand that...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Organisms have characteristic structures which enable functions and behaviors that allow them to grow, reproduce, and die <input type="checkbox"/> The structures, functions, and behaviors of organisms allow them to obtain, use, transport, and remove the matter and energy needed to live. | <p>ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS</p> <p><i>Students will keep considering...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> How do the structures of organisms enable life's functions? |
| | Acquisition(need to align with above and standards) | |
| | <p><i>Students will know...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Systems of specialized cells within organisms help them perform the essential functions of life. <input type="checkbox"/> All cells contain genetic information in the form of DNA molecules. Genes are regions in the DNA that contain the instructions that code for the formation of proteins, which carry out most of the work of cells. <input type="checkbox"/> Multicellular organisms have a hierarchical structural organization, in which any one system is made up of numerous parts and is itself a component of the next level. | <p><i>Students will be skilled at...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Developing and using models to illustrate the microscopic and macroscopic anatomy & physiology of the central & peripheral nervous systems. <input type="checkbox"/> Understanding the physiology of reflex arcs & synaptic transmission between neurons. <input type="checkbox"/> Analyzing & exploring homeostatic imbalances related to the nervous system. |

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| | <input type="checkbox"/> Feedback mechanisms maintain a living system's internal conditions within certain limits and mediate behaviors, allowing it to remain alive and functional even as external conditions change within some range. Feedback mechanisms can encourage (through positive feedback) or discourage (negative feedback) what is going on inside the living system. | |
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Human Anatomy Unit 7 - Cardiovascular System

STAGE 1 | DESIRED RESULTS

Context and relevance for student learning

| Standards | Transfer | |
|---|---|---|
| <p>3.1.9-12.A Construct an explanation based on evidence for how the structure of DNA determines the structure of proteins, which carry out the essential functions of life through systems of specialized cells.</p> <p>3.1.9-12.B Develop and use a model to illustrate the hierarchical organization of interacting systems that provide specific functions within multicellular organisms.</p> <p>3.1.9-12.C Plan and conduct an investigation to provide evidence that feedback mechanisms maintain homeostasis.</p> | <p><i>Students will be able to independently use their learning to...(make purpose-takeaway in 5 years)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Approach science as a reliable and tentative way of knowing and explaining the natural world and designed world. <input type="checkbox"/> Weigh evidence and use scientific approaches to ask questions, investigate, and make informed decisions. <input type="checkbox"/> Make and use observations to analyze relationships and patterns in order to explain phenomena, develop models, and make predictions. <input type="checkbox"/> Evaluate systems, in order to connect how form determines function and how any change to one component affects the entire system. <input type="checkbox"/> Explain how the natural and designed worlds are interrelated and the application of scientific knowledge and technology can have beneficial, detrimental, or unintended consequences. | |
| | Meaning | |
| | <p>UNDERSTANDINGS</p> <p><i>Students will understand that...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Organisms have characteristic structures which enable functions and behaviors that allow them to grow, reproduce, and die <input type="checkbox"/> The structures, functions, and behaviors of organisms allow them to obtain, use, transport, and remove the matter and energy needed to live. | <p>ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS</p> <p><i>Students will keep considering...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> How do the structures of organisms enable life's functions? |
| | Acquisition(need to align with above and standards) | |
| | <p><i>Students will know...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Systems of specialized cells within organisms help them perform the essential functions of life. <input type="checkbox"/> All cells contain genetic information in the form of DNA molecules. Genes are regions in the DNA that contain the instructions that code for the formation of proteins, which carry out most of the work of cells. <input type="checkbox"/> Multicellular organisms have a hierarchical structural organization, in which any one system is made up of numerous parts and is itself a component of the next level. | <p><i>Students will be skilled at...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Developing and using models to illustrate the microscopic and macroscopic anatomy & physiology of the cardiovascular system. <input type="checkbox"/> Differentiate the anatomy & physiology of the heart, blood, arteries & veins. <input type="checkbox"/> Making connections & predictions between fitness and the cardiac cycle. <input type="checkbox"/> Tracing the flow of blood through the major vessels of the heart, body and lungs. <input type="checkbox"/> Analyzing & exploring homeostatic imbalances related to the cardiovascular system. |

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| | <input type="checkbox"/> Feedback mechanisms maintain a living system's internal conditions within certain limits and mediate behaviors, allowing it to remain alive and functional even as external conditions change within some range. Feedback mechanisms can encourage (through positive feedback) or discourage (negative feedback) what is going on inside the living system. | |
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Human Anatomy Unit 8 - Respiratory System

| STAGE 1 DESIRED RESULTS | | |
|---|---|---|
| Context and relevance for student learning | | |
| Standards | Transfer | |
| <p>3.1.9-12.A Construct an explanation based on evidence for how the structure of DNA determines the structure of proteins, which carry out the essential functions of life through systems of specialized cells.</p> <p>3.1.9-12.B Develop and use a model to illustrate the hierarchical organization of interacting systems that provide specific functions within multicellular organisms.</p> <p>3.1.9-12.C Plan and conduct an investigation to provide evidence that feedback mechanisms maintain homeostasis.</p> | <p><i>Students will be able to independently use their learning to...(make purpose-takeaway in 5 years)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Approach science as a reliable and tentative way of knowing and explaining the natural world and designed world. <input type="checkbox"/> Weigh evidence and use scientific approaches to ask questions, investigate, and make informed decisions. <input type="checkbox"/> Make and use observations to analyze relationships and patterns in order to explain phenomena, develop models, and make predictions. <input type="checkbox"/> Evaluate systems, in order to connect how form determines function and how any change to one component affects the entire system. <input type="checkbox"/> Explain how the natural and designed worlds are interrelated and the application of scientific knowledge and technology can have beneficial, detrimental, or unintended consequences. | |
| | Meaning | |
| | <p>UNDERSTANDINGS</p> <p><i>Students will understand that...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Organisms have characteristic structures which enable functions and behaviors that allow them to grow, reproduce, and die <input type="checkbox"/> The structures, functions, and behaviors of organisms allow them to obtain, use, transport, and remove the matter and energy needed to live. | <p>ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS</p> <p><i>Students will keep considering...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> How do the structures of organisms enable life's functions? |
| | Acquisition(need to align with above and standards) | |
| | <p><i>Students will know...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Systems of specialized cells within organisms help them perform the essential functions of life. <input type="checkbox"/> All cells contain genetic information in the form of DNA molecules. Genes are regions in the DNA that contain the instructions that code for the formation of proteins, which carry out most of the work of cells. <input type="checkbox"/> Multicellular organisms have a hierarchical structural organization, in which any one system is made up of numerous parts and is itself a component of the next level. <input type="checkbox"/> Feedback mechanisms maintain a living system's internal conditions within certain limits and | <p><i>Students will be skilled at...</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Developing and using models to illustrate the microscopic and macroscopic anatomy & physiology of the respiratory system. <input type="checkbox"/> Differentiate the anatomy & physiology of the lungs. <input type="checkbox"/> Analyze the mechanics of breathing and lung capacity. <input type="checkbox"/> Trace the steps of respiration chronologically from pulmonary ventilation inhalation to pulmonary ventilation exhalation. <input type="checkbox"/> Analyzing & exploring homeostatic imbalances related to the cardiovascular system. |

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| | mediate behaviors, allowing it to remain alive and functional even as external conditions change within some range. Feedback mechanisms can encourage (through positive feedback) or discourage (negative feedback) what is going on inside the living system. | |
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